**ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ БЮДЖЕТНОЕ ОБЩЕОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ «ШКОЛА № 90 ГОРОДСКОГО ОКРУГА ДОНЕЦК»**

**ДОНЕЦКОЙ НАРОДНОЙ РЕСПУБЛИКИ**

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| **РАССМОТРЕНО**  на заседании методического объединения учителей \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  протокол от \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ № \_\_\_\_\_\_  руководитель ШМО \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |  | **УТВЕРЖДАЮ**  Директор ГБОУ  «Школа № 90 г.о. Донецк»  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Е.В. Слажнева  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2025 г. |

**МАТЕРИАЛЫ**

**для проведения промежуточной аттестации**

**по английскому языку**

**в 11 классе**

**в 2024 - 2025 учебном году**

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**Донецк, 2025 год**

**Вариант1**

**Reading Comprehension**

Установите соответствие между текстами A–E и рубриками 1–6. Используйте каждую рубрику только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. **Unique traditions**
2. **Diverse geography**
3. **Local wildlife**
4. **Famous food**
5. **Tourism highlights**
6. **Climate conditions**

### **Texts**

**A.** Russia’s geography is incredibly diverse, covering vast plains, deep lakes, tall mountains, and large forests. The Ural Mountains divide Europe and Asia, while Lake Baikal is the world’s deepest freshwater lake. The Kamchatka Peninsula is home to active volcanoes, making it a popular destination for adventure seekers.

**B.** One of the most unusual Russian traditions is the celebration of Old New Year, which takes place on January 14. It is based on the old Julian calendar and is still observed by many families. People gather for a second festive meal, similar to the one they had on December 31, and sometimes exchange small gifts.

**C.** The Siberian region is home to some of the most fascinating wildlife in Russia. The majestic Amur tiger, the largest big cat in the world, roams the forests of the Russian Far East. The Baikal seal, found only in Lake Baikal, is another unique species that has adapted to the cold environment.

**D.** Russia’s cuisine is rich and varied, influenced by both European and Asian traditions. A famous dish is shashlik, a type of grilled meat kebab often cooked over an open fire. Another popular treat is syrniki, sweet cottage cheese pancakes served with jam or honey.

**E.** Russia offers many exciting destinations for travelers. The cities of Moscow and St. Petersburg attract visitors with their stunning architecture and world-famous museums. For those who love nature, the Altai Mountains provide breathtaking landscapes, while the Trans-Siberian Railway offers an unforgettable journey across the country.

**Use of English**

 Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска, обозначенного буквами A–F, подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. Два слова в списке 1–8 лишние.

### **The Trans-Siberian Railway**

The **Trans-Siberian Railway** is the longest railway line in the world, stretching across Russia from Moscow to Vladivostok. It was designed as a **A** \_\_\_\_\_\_ transportation project in the late 19th century, connecting the country’s vast regions. Many workers **B** \_\_\_\_\_\_ part in constructing the railway under harsh weather conditions.

Throughout its history, the railway **C** \_\_\_\_\_\_ major expansions, allowing trains to operate more efficiently. One of its most impressive **D** \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the section that crosses Lake Baikal, offering breathtaking views. The railway has been **E** \_\_\_\_\_\_ in many books and travel diaries, as it provides an unforgettable journey. Today, it is a **F** \_\_\_\_\_\_ experience for travelers seeking adventure.

**Word Choices:**

1. enjoyed
2. attraction
3. historical
4. features
5. underwent
6. took
7. played
8. discussed

**Вариант 2**

**Reading Comprehension**

Установите соответствие между текстами A–E и рубриками 1–6. Используйте каждую рубрику только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. **Festive traditions**
2. **Unusual landscapes**
3. **Common pets**
4. **National cuisine**
5. **Major cities**
6. **Extreme weather**

### **Texts**

**A.** Russia is known for its long and cold winters. In some regions, temperatures remain below freezing for months, with heavy snowfall. However, the summer months bring completely different conditions, with warm, sunny weather in many parts of the country.

**B.** Russian celebrations are full of unique traditions. One of the most well-known is Ivan Kupala Night, a midsummer festival where people jump over bonfires and take part in water fights. This ancient Slavic holiday is still celebrated in some regions today.

**C.** Russia has an impressive variety of landscapes, including massive plains, thick forests, and volcanic regions. One of the most breathtaking sights is the Valley of Geysers in Kamchatka, where steam and boiling water rise from the ground.

**D.** Moscow and St. Petersburg are two of the most important cities in Russia, each with its own unique charm. Moscow, the capital, is home to the Kremlin and Red Square, while St. Petersburg is famous for its canals and European-style architecture.

**E.** Russian cuisine offers a mix of flavors from different regions. One of the most iconic dishes is solyanka, a thick and spicy soup made with meat, fish, or mushrooms. Another popular dish is kasha, a type of porridge eaten for breakfast.

**Use of English**

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска, обозначенного буквами A–F, подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. Два слова в списке 1–8 лишние.

### **The Bolshoi Theatre**

The **Bolshoi Theatre** in Moscow is one of the most famous opera and ballet theatres in the world. It was established in the late 18th century and quickly became a **A** \_\_\_\_\_\_ venue for cultural performances. Over time, many talented composers and dancers **B** \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the theatre’s international reputation.

Unfortunately, the Bolshoi **C** \_\_\_\_\_\_ several fires throughout its history, leading to significant reconstructions. One of the theatre’s greatest **D** \_\_\_\_\_\_ is its exceptional acoustics, making it a favorite venue for artists. The Bolshoi is frequently **E** \_\_\_\_\_\_ in discussions about the world’s finest opera houses. Today, it remains one of the most **F** \_\_\_\_\_\_ landmarks in Russia.

**Word Choices:**

1. attraction
2. contributions
3. played
4. suffered
5. admired
6. discussed
7. traditional
8. significant

**Вариант 3**

**Reading Comprehension**

Установите соответствие между текстами A–E и рубриками 1–6. Используйте каждую рубрику только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. **Popular travel destinations**
2. **Climate extremes**
3. **Cultural events**
4. **Russian wildlife**
5. **Local specialties**
6. **Transportation options**

### **Texts**

**A.** Russia has some of the most extreme climates in the world. In Siberia, temperatures can drop below -50°C in winter, while in the southern regions, summers can be extremely hot. The country’s vast size means that different regions experience completely different weather patterns throughout the year.

**B.** Every year, Russia hosts the White Nights Festival in St. Petersburg, a celebration that takes place when the sun barely sets at night. The festival includes open-air concerts, ballet performances, and fireworks. It is one of the most famous cultural events in the country.

**C.** Russia has a unique variety of wild animals, including the musk deer, which has small fangs instead of antlers. The Siberian husky, originally bred for pulling sleds, is also famous worldwide for its endurance and intelligence. Many of these species have adapted to survive the harsh Russian winters.

**D.** Russian cuisine is famous for its warming and hearty dishes. Olivier salad, a mix of potatoes, eggs, vegetables, and mayonnaise, is a favorite at holiday celebrations. Another well-loved dish is pirozhki, small pastries filled with meat, vegetables, or sweet fillings.

**E.** Moscow and St. Petersburg are the most visited cities in Russia, offering world-class museums, theaters, and historical sites. However, nature lovers often travel to Lake Baikal, the world’s deepest freshwater lake, or take the Trans-Siberian Railway for a once-in-a-lifetime journey across the country.

**Use of English**

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска, обозначенного буквами A–F, подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. Два слова в списке 1–8 лишние.

### **The State Hermitage Museum**

The **State Hermitage Museum** in St. Petersburg is one of the world’s largest and most prestigious museums. It was established in the 18th century as a **A** \_\_\_\_\_\_ collection of European artworks. Over time, Russian rulers **B** \_\_\_\_\_\_ great interest in expanding its collection, acquiring thousands of valuable paintings and sculptures.

The museum **C** \_\_\_\_\_\_ a significant role in preserving Russia’s cultural heritage. One of its most famous **D** \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the Peacock Clock, a mechanical masterpiece admired by visitors. The Hermitage is often associated with famous Russian **E** \_\_\_\_\_\_, as it has inspired poets, writers, and artists for centuries. It remains a **F** \_\_\_\_\_\_ attraction for tourists from all over the world.

**Word Choices:**

1. character
2. historical
3. attraction
4. took
5. features
6. played
7. collections
8. literature

**Вариант 4**

**Reading Comprehension**

Установите соответствие между текстами A–E и рубриками 1–6. Используйте каждую рубрику только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. **Winter sports**
2. **Famous landmarks**
3. **Celebrations and holidays**
4. **Endangered species**
5. **Traditional food**
6. **Weather conditions**

### **Texts**

**A.** Russia’s cold climate makes it an ideal location for winter sports such as skiing and ice hockey. Many international competitions take place in cities like Sochi, which hosted the 2014 Winter Olympics. The country also has numerous ski resorts, attracting visitors from all over the world.

**B.** Russian food is full of rich and flavorful dishes. One of the most well-known is beef stroganoff, a dish made with sautéed beef in a creamy sauce. Another favorite is kvass, a fermented drink made from rye bread. Many of these traditional recipes date back centuries and continue to be a major part of Russian culture.

**C.** One of the most important Russian holidays is Victory Day, celebrated on May 9. This day marks the Soviet Union’s victory in World War II. It is commemorated with military parades, concerts, and fireworks, and people honor war veterans by giving them flowers.

**D.** Russia is home to a variety of endangered animals, including the snow leopard, which lives in the mountains of Siberia. Another rare species is the Far Eastern leopard, which is considered one of the most elusive wild cats. Conservation programs are in place to protect these species from extinction.

**E.** Russia has many historical landmarks, including the famous Saint Basil’s Cathedral in Moscow, with its colorful onion-shaped domes. Another significant site is the Peterhof Palace in St. Petersburg, which is known for its beautiful gardens and fountains. These landmarks attract millions of visitors each year.

**Use of English**

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска, обозначенного буквами A–F, подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. Два слова в списке 1–8 лишние.

### **The Cathedral of Christ the Saviour**

The **Cathedral of Christ the Saviour** in Moscow has a unique and complex history. It was originally built in the 19th century as a **A** \_\_\_\_\_\_ symbol of victory after the defeat of Napoleon’s army. Many important religious and cultural events **B** \_\_\_\_\_\_ place here, making it one of Russia’s most famous churches.

However, in 1931, the Soviet government ordered its demolition, and the cathedral **C** \_\_\_\_\_\_, replaced by a swimming pool. Decades later, efforts began to reconstruct it, and in 2000, the new cathedral **D** \_\_\_\_\_\_ its doors to the public. The building remains a **E** \_\_\_\_\_\_ element of Moscow’s skyline and attracts visitors with its impressive architecture. Today, it is considered a **F** \_\_\_\_\_\_ landmark in the city.

**Word Choices:**

1. traditional
2. enjoyed
3. attraction
4. romantic
5. opened
6. took
7. destroyed
8. important